

The virology annual report is compiled by ESR by collating the data from virology and microbiology laboratories: one public health virology laboratory (ESR) and three hospital virology laboratories (Auckland Labplus, Waikato Hospital and Canterbury Health) and four Microbiology laboratories (Wellington Hospital, Middlemore Hospital, Tauranga PathLab, and Dunedin Hospital). The virological surveillance is mainly a passive surveillance for hospital inpatients and outpatients during routine viral diagnosis.

## RESPIRATORY VIRUSES

### *Influenza*

The influenza annual report in 2017 is available at the website:

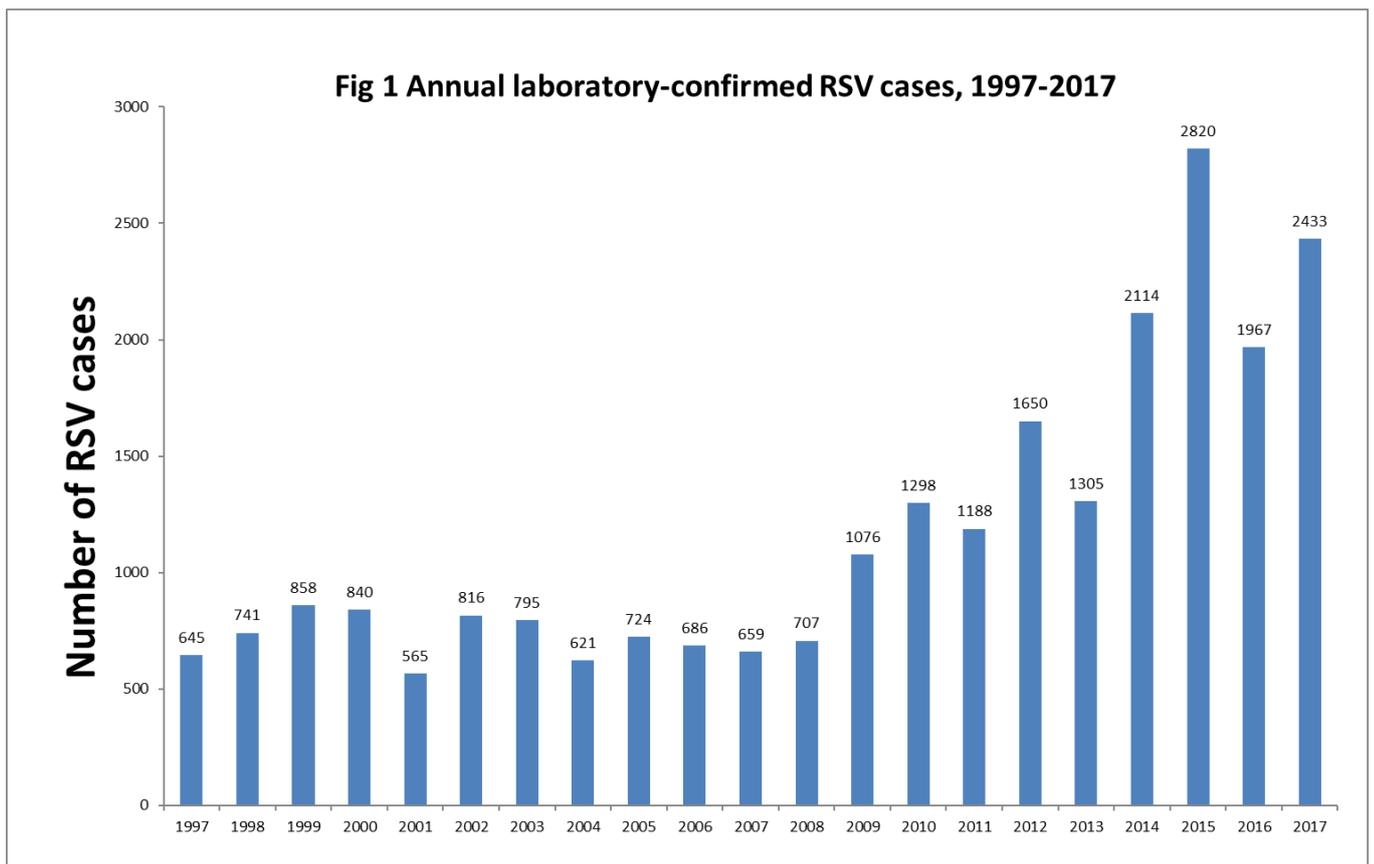
<https://www.esr.cri.nz/our-services/consultancy/flu-surveillance-and-research/>

Other influenza data, including vaccine recommendation, can be accessed at this link

[https://surv.esr.cri.nz/PDF\\_surveillance/Virology/FluVac/FluVac2018\(1\).pdf](https://surv.esr.cri.nz/PDF_surveillance/Virology/FluVac/FluVac2018(1).pdf)

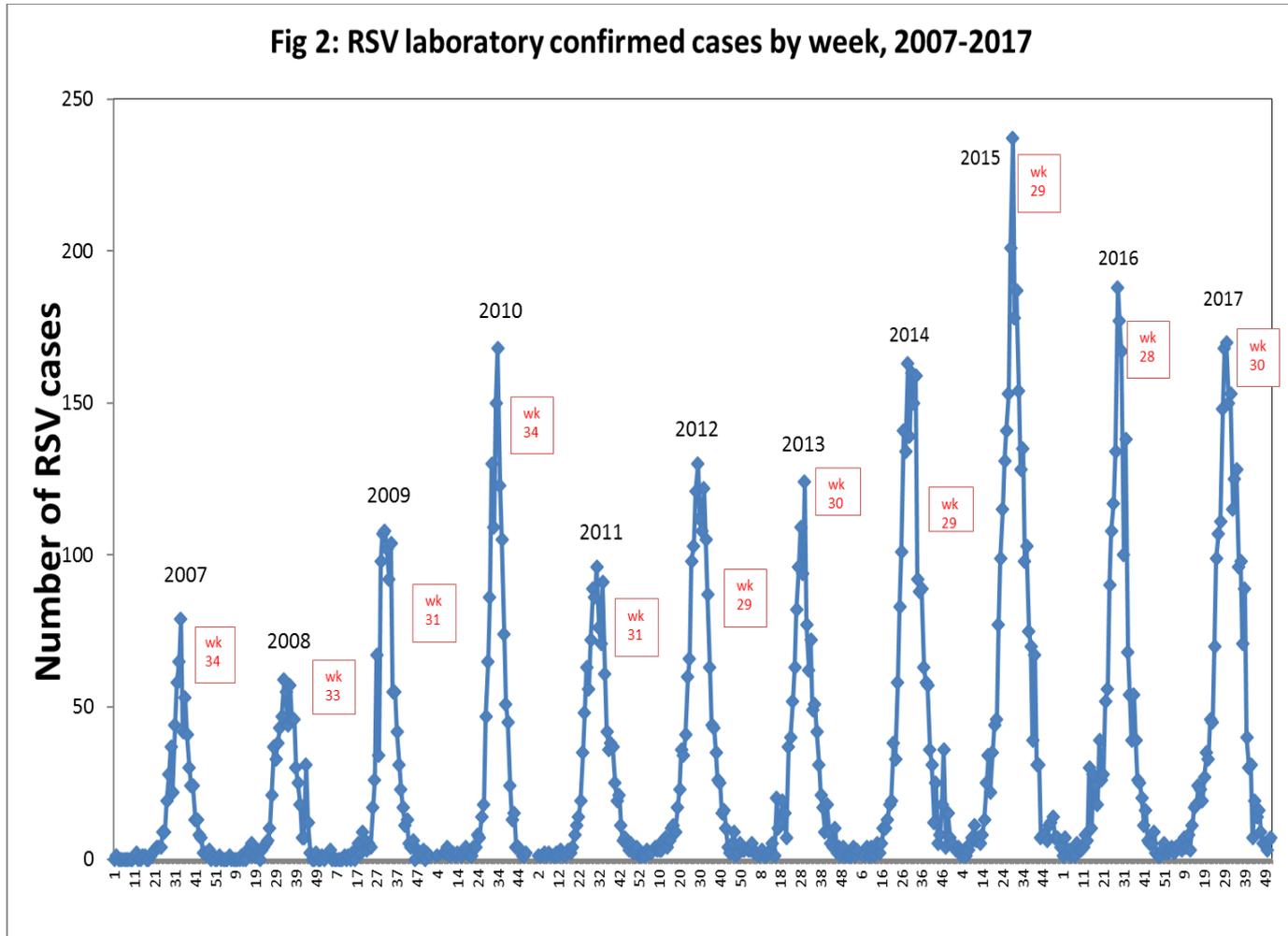
### *Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV)*

Based on laboratory-confirmed RSV cases reported to ESR, the RSV activity in 2017 was higher than last year (Figure 1). During January to December 2017, a total of 2433 RSV infections were reported compared with 1967 cases reported during the same period in 2016.



In 2017, the RSV activity started to increase in June and peaked in Week 30 (end of July), a few weeks later than the peak in 2016 (Figure 2). The RSV activity remained high until Week 39 (end of September). Since then, the number of RSV cases declined to a baseline level.

**Fig 2: RSV laboratory confirmed cases by week, 2007-2017**



## ENTEROVIRUSES AND ADENOVIRUSES

The New Zealand enterovirus and adenovirus laboratory network comprises seven laboratories: one public health virology laboratory (ESR, Wellington) and three hospital virology laboratories in Auckland, Waikato and Christchurch and three Microbiology laboratories – Wellington and Dunedin – SCL and Middlemore hospital. These seven laboratories cover 100% of the population and all geographical areas of the country. The enterovirus and adenovirus surveillance is a year-round routine diagnostic surveillance for hospital in-patients and out-patients. Hospital laboratories report all enterovirus and adenovirus detections and/or typing results weekly to ESR and this data is then available nationally. Untyped or untypable enteroviruses and adenoviruses are referred to ESR for further identification.

## *Enteroviruses*

There were a total of 834 enteroviruses reported in 2017, compared with 765 in 2016. A total of 144 (17%) enteroviruses were identified by serotyping. Among serotyped enteroviruses, Coxsackievirus Group A type 6, (27, 19%), was the most common serotype followed by Echovirus type 30 (22, 15%). In 2016, Coxsackievirus Group A type 6 (37) was also the predominant strain followed by Echovirus type 18 (21).

These Coxsackievirus Group A type 6 viruses were mostly isolated from mouth and skin swab samples and can be associated with herpangina and hand, foot and mouth disease. Echovirus type 30 were mostly isolated from CSF, Faeces or respiratory samples and may cause febrile illness and meningitis.

## *Adenoviruses*

There were a total of 1131 adenoviruses reported in 2017, higher than 1006 in 2016. Of these, 131 (12%) adenoviruses were identified by serotyping. The predominant serotype in 2017 was adenovirus type 4 (58, 44%), followed by type 3 (18, 14%) while in 2016 the predominant serotype is adenovirus type 7 (84) followed by type 3 (22).

## MEASLES, MUMPS AND RUBELLA (MMR)

The MMR annual report in 2017 is available in the report “Annual Surveillance Summary 2017” at [https://surv.esr.cri.nz/surveillance/annual\\_surveillance.php](https://surv.esr.cri.nz/surveillance/annual_surveillance.php)

## ARBOVIRAL DISEASES

The summary for Arboviral diseases, including Dengue (DENV), Chikungunya (CHKV), Zika (ZIKV), Ross river virus (RRV), Barmah Forest virus (BFV), is available in the report “Annual Surveillance Summary 2017” at [https://surv.esr.cri.nz/surveillance/annual\\_surveillance.php](https://surv.esr.cri.nz/surveillance/annual_surveillance.php)

## SUMMARY OF VIRUSES IDENTIFIED

All identified viral and Mycoplasma pneumoniae infections in New Zealand in 2017 are shown in Table 1. The information is based on weekly data collated from the virology laboratories of Auckland Labplus, Waikato Hospital, Canterbury Health, and microbiology laboratories of Wellington SCL, Dunedin SCL, Middlemore Hospital, Tauranga PathLab and ESR.

