

# Invasive Meningococcal Disease Monthly Report November 2022

This report summarises invasive meningococcal disease notifications and trends nationally from 1 January to 30 November 2022. Information is based on data recorded in EpiSurv and at ESR's Meningococcal Reference Laboratory as at 7 December 2022. Data presented may be further updated and should be regarded as provisional.

## Summary

Between 1 January and 30 November 2022:

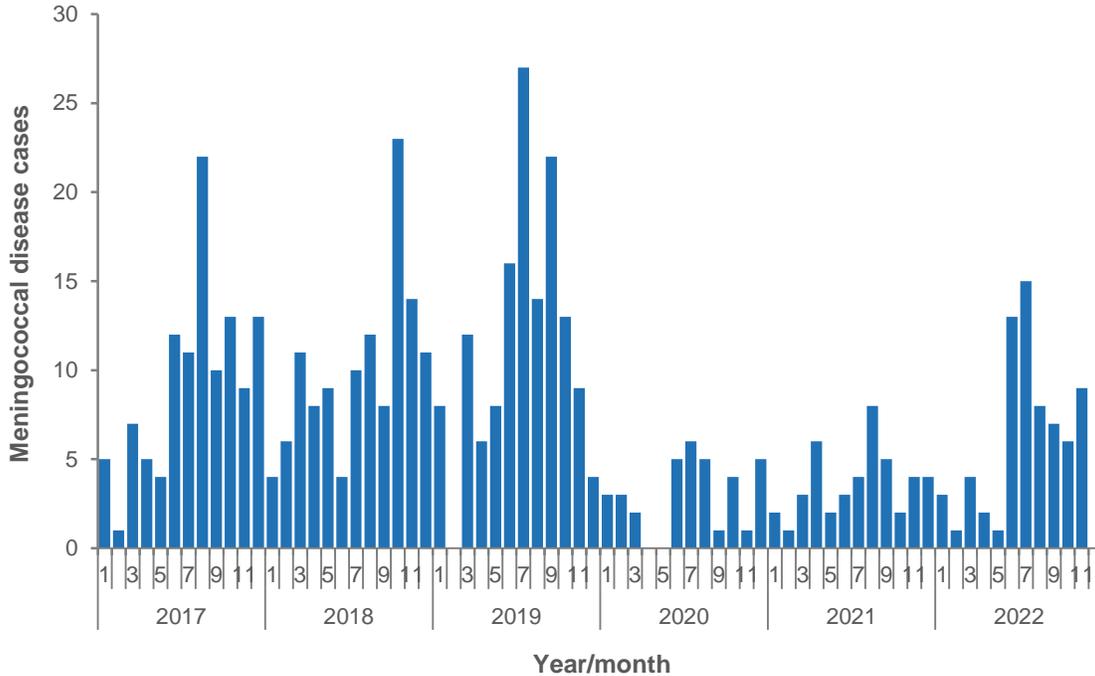
- there have been 69 cases (66 confirmed and 3 probable) of invasive meningococcal disease reported. This number is higher than for the same period in 2020 and 2021, but lower than the same period in 2017, 2018 and 2019;
- there have been three deaths (two in children aged <5 years and one in a young adult aged 15–19 years);
- 43% of the cases are in Māori and Pacific children aged under 5 years;
- group B is the dominant group type. The group was identified in 56 cases to date in 2022: 45 (80%) were group B, eight (14%) were group Y, and three (5%) were group W;
- the cases are geographically dispersed.

## National trends

Between 1 January and 30 November 2022, there was a total of 69 cases of meningococcal disease (66 confirmed and 3 probable). There have been three deaths to date in 2022. Two deaths were in children (aged <1 year and 1–4 years) and one was in a young adult aged 15–19 years. One death was due to group B, PorA type P1.7-2,4. The group was not determined for the other two deaths.

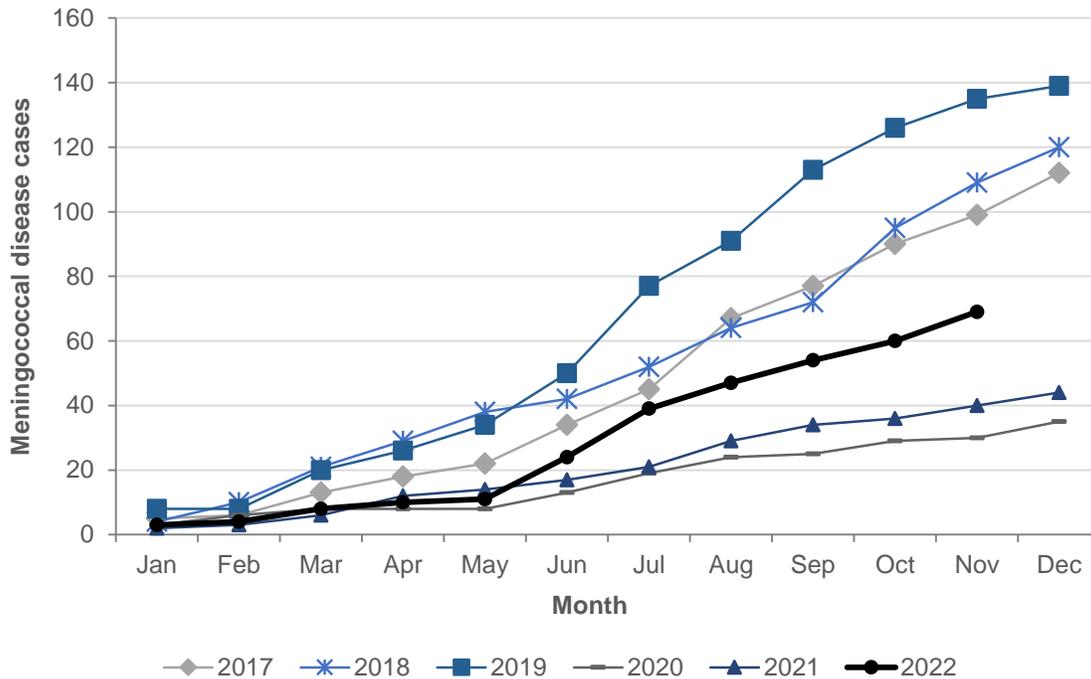
In New Zealand, meningococcal disease follows a seasonal pattern with case numbers peaking in winter and continuing into spring (Figure 1). This seasonal increase in disease was seen in 2022 with a peak in the number of cases reported in June and July (13 and 15 cases respectively). Nine cases were reported in November 2022.

Figure 1. Number of meningococcal disease cases by month and year, 2017–2022



To date, the total number of cases in 2022 is higher than for the same period in 2020 and 2021, but lower than in 2017, 2018 and 2019 (Figure 2).

Figure 2. Cumulative number of meningococcal disease cases by month, 1 January 2017 to 30 November 2022

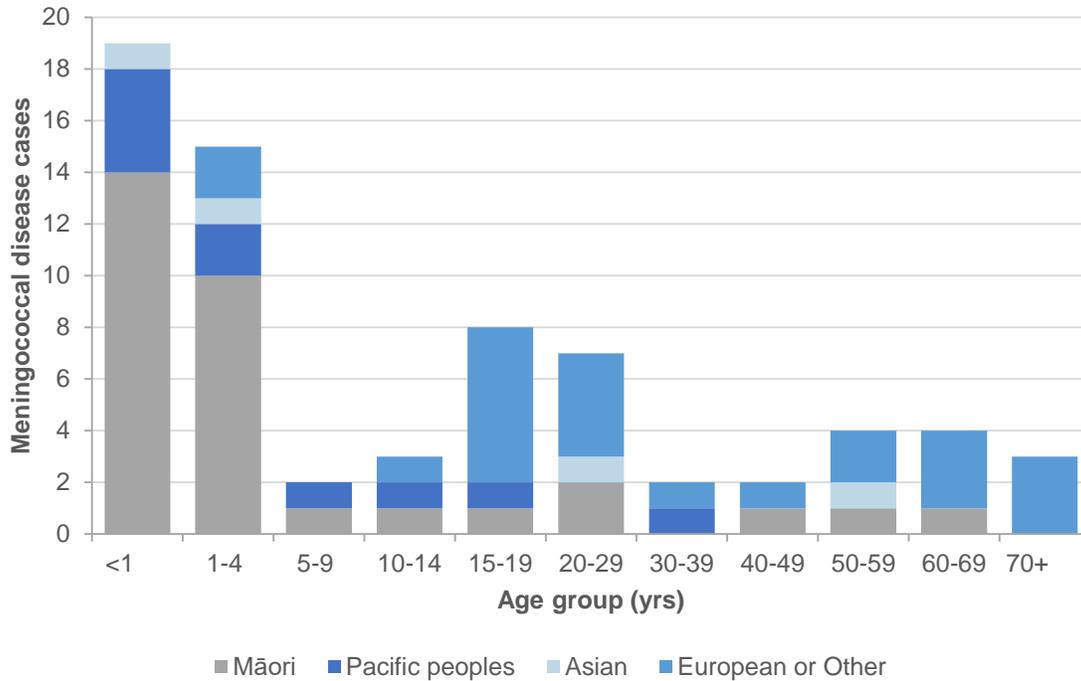


## Meningococcal disease by ethnic group and age group

Overall, 46% of meningococcal disease cases in New Zealand in 2022 to date have been in Māori, 33% in European or Other ethnic groups, 14% Pacific peoples and 6% Asian.

Māori and Pacific children aged under 5 years account for 43% (30/69) of the cases in 2022 to date (Figure 3).

**Figure 3. Number of meningococcal disease cases by prioritised ethnicity and age group, 1 January to 30 November 2022**

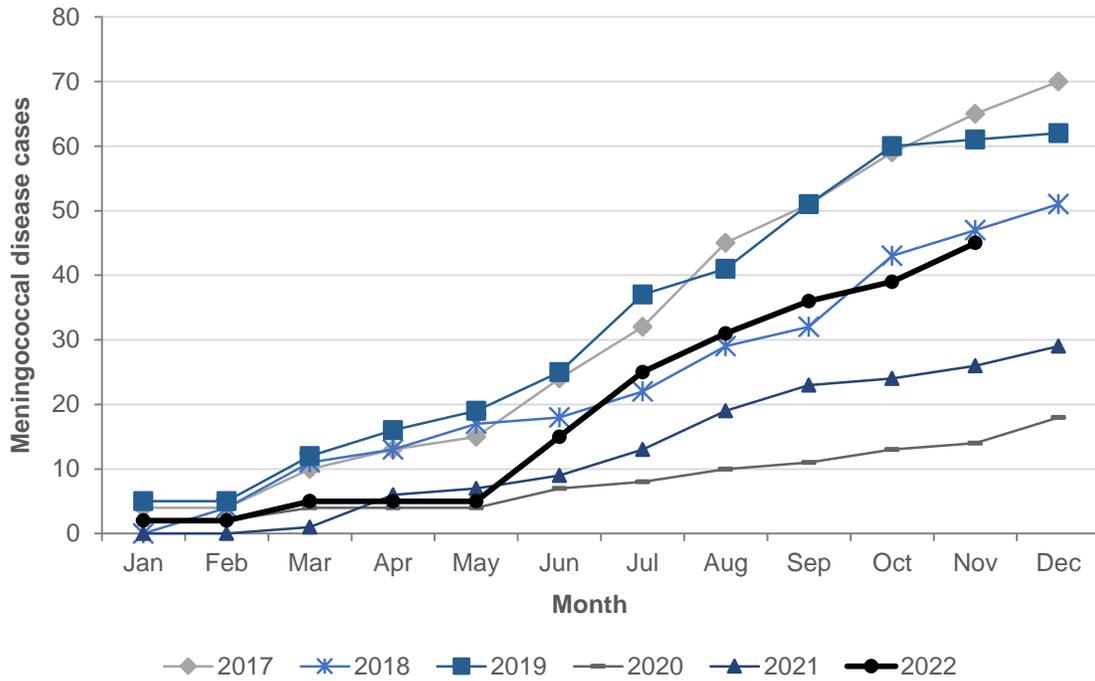


## Meningococcal disease by group

Of the 69 cases notified from 1 January to 30 November 2022, the group was identified in 56 (81%) cases: 45 (80%) were group B, eight (14%) were group Y, and three (5%) were group W.

For group B cases, the number of cases to date is similar to 2018 but higher than for the same period in 2020 and 2021 (Figure 4).

Figure 4. Cumulative number of group B meningococcal disease cases by month, 1 January 2017 to 30 November 2022



The number of cases due to group W is lower than for 2017–2021. The number of cases due to group Y is higher than in 2020–2021, but lower than in 2018–2019.

## Meningococcal disease by district and group

Meningococcal cases in 2022 to date are geographically dispersed throughout the country (Table 1). The highest numbers of cases have been reported from Southern district (9 cases), followed by Waitemata and Bay of Plenty (7 cases each).

**Table 1. Number of meningococcal disease cases by group and district, 1 January to 30 November 2022**

District	Group					Group unknown <sup>1</sup>	Not lab confirmed	Total
	B	W	Y	C	E			
Northland	3	0	0	0	0	2	0	5
Waitemata	6	0	0	0	0	1	0	7
Auckland	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	2
Counties Manukau	2	0	0	0	0	1	2	5
Waikato	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
Lakes	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	4
Bay of Plenty	4	1	1	0	0	0	1	7
Tairāwhiti	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	4
Taranaki	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Hawke's Bay	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Whanganui	2	0	0	0	0	1	0	3
MidCentral	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hutt Valley	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Capital & Coast	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	3
Wairarapa	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Nelson Marlborough	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	5
West Coast	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Canterbury	3	1	0	0	0	1	0	5
South Canterbury	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
Southern	4	0	4	0	0	1	0	9
<b>Total</b>	<b>45</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>69</b>

<sup>1</sup> Includes non-groupable samples, and laboratory-confirmed cases where a sample was not received at ESR.

## Group B trends

Table 2 shows the trends in selected group B PorA types since 2017. The PorA types included in the table are those detected to date in 2022 as well as those that were most common in previous years.

Table 2. Number of group B meningococcal disease cases by selected PorA type, 1 January 2017 to 30 November 2022

PorA type	Year					
	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022 <sup>1</sup>
P1.7-12,14	12	3	14	3	12	14
P1.7-2,4 <sup>2</sup>	27	16	19	9	8	14
P1.22,14	9	3	5	0	2	2
P1.7,16-26	5	2	4	0	1	2
P1.7-36,14	0	0	0	2	0	2
P1.18-1,34	3	3	3	0	0	2
P1.5,2	0	0	0	0	1	1
P1.18-1,3	0	0	2	0	0	1
P1.7-13,14	0	0	1	0	0	1
P1.5-1,10-7	0	0	0	0	0	1
P1.7-6,4	0	0	0	0	0	1
P1.7-12,15	0	0	0	0	0	1
P1.7-12,16-3	0	0	0	0	0	1
P1.19-1,15	0	0	0	0	0	1
P1.19,15	2	0	1	1	1	0
P1.17,16-3	2	2	0	1	1	0
P1.7,16-53	0	2	2	0	1	0
P1.5-2,10-1	0	5	1	0	1	0
P1.22,9	2	1	1	0	1	0
P1.19-1,26	0	3	1	0	0	0
P1.22-11,15-25	0	0	1	0	0	0

<sup>1</sup> Data to 30 November 2022

<sup>2</sup> 1991–2007 New Zealand epidemic strain

During 2022, 14 different PorA types have been identified among the 45 group B cases, and these are geographically dispersed.

The most common PorA types are B:P1.7-12,14 and B:P1.7-2,4 (the 1991–2007 New Zealand epidemic strain).

Of note: there has been a significant increase in the relative proportion of B:P1.7-12,14 within the group B meningococci detected from 2013 to 2022 to date. Whole genome sequencing has identified the strain to be clonal complex ST-1572, which is relatively rare internationally as indicated by data submitted to the public databases for molecular typing and microbial genome diversity (PubMLST), noting that not all countries submit data to this database (<https://pubmlst.org/>).