

Antimicrobial resistance data from hospital and community laboratories, 2011<sup>1</sup>

	Percent resistance (number tested <sup>2</sup> )																
	amikacin	ampicillin	cefepime	cefazidime	ceftriaxone/cefotaxime	cefuroxime/cefamandole	cephalothin	co-amoxiclav	co-trimoxazole	fluoroquinolone	gentamicin	imipenem/meropenem	nitrofurantoin	piperacillin-tazobactam	ticarcillin-clavulanic acid	tobramycin	trimethoprim
<i>Acinetobacter</i> species	1.1 (174)			6.7 (582)					4.7 (534)	2.0 (607)	1.7 (686)	2.4 (464)		3.6 (333)		0.0 (172)	
<i>Citrobacter freundii</i> <sup>3</sup>					30.9 (269)				10.4 (268)	3.8 (369)	6.8 (353)	0.5 (211)					
<i>Enterobacter</i> species <sup>3</sup>	0.7 (896)				20.2 (1670)				8.6 (1881)	1.9 (2254)	4.2 (2279)	0.4 (1721)				6.4 (173)	
<i>Escherichia coli</i> from bacteraemia	0.0 (657)	59.3 (1729)	3.3 (547)		4.7 (1661)	7.5 (1642)	21.9 (740)	16.7 (1538)		7.5 (1711)	5.4 (1863)	0.1 (1400)					2.5 (199)
<i>E. coli</i> urinary	0.1 (10621)	50.1 (92715)			2.9 (55888)	4.6 (16402)	26.8 (6642)	7.8 (98191)	21.2 (13169)	6.5 (84301)	2.5 (66004)		1.1 (100642)			2.5 (6589)	24.4 (99020)
<i>Klebsiella</i> species from bacteraemia	0.0 (186)		5.6 (124)		12.7 (416)	16.6 (404)	18.6 (215)	10.9 (413)		6.0 (464)	9.0 (466)	0.0 (366)					
<i>Morganella morganii</i> <sup>3</sup>	0.0 (141)				7.7 (457)				17.3 (474)	4.0 (552)	11.5 (555)	0.7 (431)					
<i>Proteus mirabilis</i>	0.1 (792)	11.8 (3845)			0.6 (1800)	2.2 (1502)	5.1 (574)	1.8 (3647)	8.1 (1808)	1.5 (3310)	1.9 (2565)	0.0 (1431)					1.0 (191)
<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i>	2.9 (6093)		3.0 (3200)	3.5 (12757)						5.8 (14057)	5.1 (12399)	3.5 (9890)		1.5 (9114)	13.1 (1441)	2.2 (4262)	
<i>Serratia</i> species <sup>3</sup>	0.0 (360)				14.4 (857)				6.7 (891)	7.2 (1096)	0.7 (1016)	0.3 (690)				0.8 (121)	

	Percent resistance (number tested <sup>2</sup> )															
	amikacin	ampicillin	cefotaxime	clindamycin	co-amoxiclav	co-trimoxazole	erythromycin	fluoroquinolone	fusidic acid	gentamicin	methicillin/oxacillin	muipirocin	nitrofurantoin	penicillin	tetracycline	vancomycin
<i>Campylobacter</i> species							0.8 (255)	2.0 (255)								
Coagulase-negative Staphylococci (blood isolates)				27.6 (1242)		28.1 (1294)	42.3 (1534)	12.7 (860)		32.3 (1182)	52.9 (1725)			78.9 (1282)	9.8 (1238)	0.0 (899)
<i>Enterococcus</i> species		4.7 (13958)								27.0 <sup>5</sup> (2660)			1.2 (12845)	71.6 (2278)	0.4 (5746)	
<i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> (non-invasive)		22.9 (9074)			2.6 (7467)	29.1 (7874)								1.1 (6547)		
<i>Moraxella catarrhalis</i>		96.0 (857)					0.0 (256)							0.6 (805)		
<i>Neisseria gonorrhoeae</i>								40.8 (2509)						11.6 (1394)	47.0 (661)	
<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> <sup>6</sup>	0.1 (4687)			8.8 (68013)		1.1 (102240)	12.1 (107374)	5.2 (12851)	13.6 (14658)	0.8 (19806)	10.4 (108786)	8.0 (11204)		86.9 (98604)	1.8 (78839)	
Methicillin-resistant <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i>	0.6 (637)			15.3 (8136)		2.0 (8936)	24.5 (8867)	22.2 (6154)	33.1 (5720)	3.9 (3962)		9.9 (5951)			2.5 (8674)	
<i>Streptococcus pneumoniae</i> (non-invasive)			4.6 <sup>7</sup> (194)			28.7 (2802)	19.5 (3810)							14.9 <sup>8</sup> (2993)	17.2 (3007)	
<i>Streptococcus pyogenes</i>							6.4 (11110)							0.0 (5066)		

1 Data supplied by Aotea Pathology; Canterbury Health Laboratories; Diagnostic Medlab, Auckland; Greymouth Hospital laboratory; Hawkes Bay Hospital laboratory; Healthlab Kew; Hutt Hospital laboratory; LabCare Pathology, Taranaki; Laboratory Services, Rotorua; LabPlus; Labtests; Medlab, Blenheim Hospital; Medlab Central; Medlab South, Christchurch; Medlab Wairarapa; Middlemore Hospital laboratory; North Shore Hospital laboratory; Northland Pathology; Pathlab Bay of Plenty; Pathlab Waikato; Southern Community Laboratories, Dunedin and Hawkes Bay; Taranaki Medlab; Taumarunui Hospital laboratory; Thames Hospital laboratory; Tlab, Gisborne; Waikato Hospital laboratory; Wellington Hospital laboratory; Whakatane Hospital laboratory; and Whangarei Hospital laboratory.

2 Data presented only if available for  $\geq 100$  isolates.

3 These organisms usually have inducible cephalosporinases. Stably-derepressed mutants that produce high levels of cephalosporinase frequently occur.

4 4.2% of *E. coli* from bacteraemia, 1.8% of urinary *E. coli*, and 11.4% of *Klebsiella* from bacteraemia were reported to be ESBL producers.

5 High-level resistance.

6 Includes methicillin-susceptible and methicillin-resistant isolates.

7 Cefotaxime resistance (MIC  $\geq 4.0$  mg/L, CLSI interpretive standard for non-meningitis infections).

8 Penicillin resistance (MIC  $\geq 2.0$  mg/L, CLSI interpretive standard for oral treatment of non-meningitis infections).